## PART II.—STATISTICS OF MANUFACTURING

## Section 1.—Growth of Manufacturing

It is impossible to give absolutely comparable statistics of manufacturing over a long period of years. From 1870 to 1915 statistics were collected only in connection with decennial or quinquennial censuses and there was inevitably some variation in the information collected. The annual Census of Manufactures was instituted in 1917 and, though numerous changes have since been made in the information collected and in the treatment of the data, an effort has been made to carry all major revisions back to 1917, so that the figures for the period since then are on a reasonably comparable basis.

The Bureau of Statistics in 1952 changed its policy with regard to the collection of statistics on the production of manufactured goods. Firms in several industries where year-end inventory changes were known to be insignificant were requested to report value of shipments f.o.b. plant instead of gross value of products. The changeover was made in order to ease the burden of reporting for the majority of manufacturing establishments. The value of shipments concept for small and medium sized establishments is more realistic and more readily obtainable from their accounting records. From 1957 on, the figures are based on the revised Standard Industrial Classification, as explained on p. 651.

Because of a change in the definition of the reporting unit (establishment) in the 1961 Census of Manufactures, the statistics for 1961 are not directly comparable with those of previous years. On the revised basis, the total value of shipments in 1960 was \$23,279,804,128, lower by \$467,652,955 than the 1960 figure compiled on the old basis. Revisions back to 1957 will be published in the 1961 reports of the Industry Division of DBS and will appear in the next issue of the Year Book.

## 1.—Summary Statistics of Manufactures, 1917-61

Note.—Figures for alternate years from 1918 to 1940 are given in the 1962 Year Book, p. 616. Statistics of manufacturing from 1870 have been published but between that year and 1917 figures are not on a basis comparable to the series given below; statistics for significant years appear in the 1943-44 Year Book, p. 363. Figures of the non-ferrous metal smelting industries were first included with manufactures in 1925.

Year	Estab- lish- ments	Employees	Salaries and Wages	Cost at Plant of Materials Used	Value Added by Manufacture <sup>1</sup>	Gross Value of Products <sup>2</sup>
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1917 1919 1921 1923 1925 <sup>3</sup>	22,083 20,848	606, 523 594, 066 438, 555 506, 203 522, 924	497,801,844 601,715,668 497,399,761 549,529,631 569,944,442	1,539,678,811 1,779,056,765 1,365,292,885 1,456,595,367 1,571,788,252	1,281,131,980 1,442,400,638 1,123,694,263 1,206,332,107 1,167,936,726	2,820,810,791 3,221,457,403 2,488,987,148 2,662,927,474 2,816,864,958
1927 <sup>3</sup> 1929 <sup>2</sup> 1931. 1933. 1935.	22,216 23,083 23,780	595,052 666,531 528,640 468,658 556,664	662,705,332 777,291,217 587,566,990 436,247,824 559,467,777	1,741,128,711 2,029,670,813 1,221,911,982 967,788,928 1,419,146,217	1,427,649,292 1,755,386,937 1,252,017,248 919,671,181 1,153,485,104	3,257,214,876 3,883,446,116 2,555,126,448 1,954,075,785 2,653,911,209
1937 1939 1941 1942 1943	24,805	660,451 658,114 961,178 1,152,091 1,241,068	721,727,037 737,811,153 1,264,862,643 1,682,804,842 1,987,292,384	2,006,926,787 1,836,159,375 3,296,547,019 4,037,102,725 4,690,493,083	1,508,924,867 1,531,051,901 2,605,119,788 3,309,973,758 3,816,413,541	3,625,459,500 3,474,783,528 6,076,308,124 7,553,794,972 8,732,860,999
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	29,050 31,249 32,734	1,222,882 1,119,372 1,058,156 1,131,750 1,155,721	2,029,621,370 1,845,773,449 1,740,687,254 2,085,925,966 2,409,368,190	4,832,333,356 4,473,668,847 4,358,234,766 5,534,280,019 6,632,881,628	4,015,776,010 3,564,315,899 3,467,004,980 4,292,055,802 4,938,786,981	9,073,692,519 8,250,368,866 8,035,692,471 10,081,026,580 11,875,169,685

For footnotes, see end of table, p. 646.